Ethiopia 2025-2030 NBSAP Targets

- Eth Target 1: By 2030, areas of high biodiversity importance are spatially planned, and effectively managed and increased from the existing 30% to 80%, addressing land-use changes in full participation of stakeholders.
- Eth Target 2: By 2030, forest coverage is increased from 23.6% to 30%, area of degraded wetland decreased by 20% from the existing 27,142.5km2 and degraded terrestrial land decreased by 20% from the existing 85, 24.3km2, extent of conversion of grazing land decreased from 43.7% to 30% through fostering ecosystem-based management approach, there by at least 30% of the degraded land is restored.
- Eth Target 3: By 2030, ecologically representative protected areas including biosphere reserves and inland waters are increased from 12 to 30%, while the existing 0.08% ecosystem and species based in-situ sites are doubled through enhancing their ecological connectivity and effective management by actively engaging local communities.
- Eth Target 4: By 2030, in situ conservation of agrobiodiversity is increased from 74 to 94 sites for conservation of crop varieties and animal breeds on farm, and management standards of the existing are improved.
- Eth Target 5: By 2030, ex-situ conservation; emphasizing endemic, endangered, economically and ecologically important species of crop varieties of 92,258 accessions, 3,644 accessions of forest species, 120,000 straws of animal breeds and 1,350 microbial species/strains are increased by 10%, 25%, 50%, and 10%, respectively; and standards of the existing ex situ conservation are improved.
- Eth Target 6: By 2030, proportion of areas invaded by invasive alien species are reduced by 25% from the existing 3,949,314ha through eradicating the existing invasions and preventing their introduction and expansion.

- Eth Target 7: By 2030, pollution of major ecosystems is reduced by at least 10% from the existing 10 million tones by application of innovative measures, with emphasis on municipal and industrial sources.
- Eth Target 8: By 2030, land-based mitigation and adaptation measures contribute to the reduction of at least 152.75 MtCO2e from the BAU scenario of 346 MtCO2e, and inter-sectoral coordination towards biodiversity mainstreaming in the climate actions is increased.
- Eth Target 9: By 2030, unsustainable utilization of wild genetic resources is reduced ensuring that all uses, including harvesting and trading activities are implemented sustainably, safely and legally.
- Eth Target 10: By 2030, biodiversity issues are integrated into agricultural systems through application of biodiversity friendly practices and use of improved decision support processes in agricultural production systems, where at least 25% of agricultural land is put under agroecological practices.
- Eth Target 11: By 2030, 75 urban centers put 30% their land under spatially planed green areas through biodiversity inclusive urban planning.
- Eth Target 12: By 2030, access to genetic materials for research and development is increased by 55% from the existing 1,500 access permits and the revenue generated from equitable sharing of benefits is increased through the implementation of legal, policy, and administrative measures, and value addition and market linkage are carried-out for at least 18 biological commodities.
- Eth Target 13: By 2028, biodiversity and ecosystem services related laws, in including those associated with incentives are studied, reviewed and integrated into the national and local development policies, strategies and plans.

- Eth Target 14: By 2030, a system of regulation and guideline are formulated, integrated to tax and business laws and enforced to implement biodiversity compliance to off-set negative impacts of business activities on biodiversity.
- Eth Target 15: By 2028, biodiversity priorities and concerns are integrated into biosafety regulatory framework and capacity to regulate transaction of GMOs is enhanced.
- Eth Target 16: By 2030, capacity to implement biodiversity conservation, sustainable
 utilization and access and benefit sharing are improved by strengthening information
 technology, gene banks and laboratory infrastructures through technology transfer, and
 scientific and technical cooperation; including through South-South and North-South
 cooperation.
- Eth Target 17: By 2030, data, information and comprehensive knowledge and innovations
 related to biodiversity values, ecosystem functioning, status and trends are generated, and the
 consequences of biodiversity loss are determined, reviewed, compiled and made accessible to
 decision makers, practitioners and the public, and are applied in biodiversity related planning
 and decision-making processes.
- Eth Target 18: By 2030, gender equality and a gender-responsive approach for biodiversity
 actions is ensured through awareness, participation, and social inclusion of disability, youth,
 and children, and other vulnerable groups, and the actions that the stakeholders can take to
 conserve and use biodiversity sustainably is improved.
- Eth Target 19: By 2029, mobilization of financial resources from domestic sources required for effective implementation of the strategy by mandated sectoral institutions is increased at least by 57% and strategy is devised to secure additional fund from other internal and external sources.